

PEARL IV – HALF YEARLY REPORT FORMAT (FROM PARTNER)

1. NAME OF THE PARTNER: MANEDA
2. PROJECT CODE: III/2011/MAN3/MANE/8
3. REPORTING PERIOD: 1st October 2012 to 31st March 2013

4. Specific changes (project impact) happened during the reporting period:

Activities	Results	Verifiable Indicators of the Result	How these activities and methods contributed in the achievement of the results	Staff observation/ Remark from partner
Overall Objective: Poverty reduction through sustainable livelihood opportunities for approximately 10 youth and approximately 200 socially and economically marginalized families of 13 villages of Nungba Sub-Division, Tamenglong district of Manipur state of India through rights based approaches.				
Overall result				
Specific Objectives : PL GIVE NUMERICAL VALUES OF ACHIVEMENT WHICH MATCHES WITH YOUR TARGET IN LFA FOR PEARL III.				
1. Formation of functional, dynamic and community based democratic people's organisations supporting the rights based approach for livelihood enhancement				
Result: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6 CBOs develop micro plan at village level. 2 strong CBOs who are well equipped with information and capacity to take action on the issues related to livelihood enhancement. A cadre of 21 Leaders emerged from these CBOs who are taking initiatives on the issues pertaining to their community. 				
Capacity building on CBOs management for village authority, farmers club, SHGs (village level) and SLF-TML	6 CBOs developed their organizational management capacity	2 Nos of CBOs manage to resolve their own issues 2 Nos of CBOs maintaining all records	With these activities CBOs can able to manage their own issued and maintaining records which were not earlier.	By checking and observing their performance, we know that they can able to manage their issue in future too.
Action plan development	One action plan on PDS	16 Nos of action plan	16 action plan will help in	16 action plan will

for Sustainable Livelihood Forum, Tamenglong.	developed	developed for ensuring food security in the district.	approaching for Opening of FPS at every MDC circle centre which will contribute easy asses of PDS items and help in ensuring food security.	help in approaching for Opening of FPS at every MDC circle centre which will contribute in the project results.
Capacity building training on legal and local governance	3 villages have clear understanding on VA Act & customary law they follow	6 Nos of Village authority members clear on VA Act 3 Nos authority takes steps to give information to people on VA.	Village authority leaders having clear understanding on management will contributed to local good governance.	If V/A know on govt. schemes and local governance, it will help them to proper functioning of govt. schemes and good governance in the village.
1.2 Ensure Food Security through increased access and opportunities of government programmes, and integration of local adaptation and coping mechanism in the context of climate change				
Overall result: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 130 families are able to benefit through various social security and livelihood schemes (Public Distribution System, Integrated Child Development Schemes, Mid Day Meal, Mahatama Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme, Land entitlement under Forest Rights Act, homestead land for SC/ST) 405 Farmers are able to learn and apply coping mechanism so that change in climatic condition and cropping pattern has least effect on food production and security. 4CBO/SHGs will be able to mobilize Government schemes related to agriculture, land development and irrigation. 				
Developing of food security policy for village authority and church at village level	2 villages develop of food security policy for village authority and church at village level	2 Copies of the report of food security policy developed by the villages	These policies will help the villages for ensuring food security.	V/A and Church involvement in planning food security policy at village level will help the village in ensuring food security to the poor families.
Linkage with government	4 SHGs received credit	4 Nos of SHGs availed	Linkage with DRDA	Developing rapport

and credit institutions	assistance from govt.	assistance from DRDA Total amount of assistance Rs. 40,000 Purpose of assistance poultry	contributed in the achievement of the results.	with DRDA and our SHGs will help in linkage other credit institutions
Advocacy programmes with SLF-TML on NRM for village authority and clan leaders/landowner	2 village authorities have NRM programmes and better understanding on NRM management and food security issues	12 Nos of village authorities have knowledge on local NRM issues	Awareness on Govt. acts and policy will contributed better management on NRM and food security issues.	V/A having knowledge on NRM help in farmers apply coping mechanism others than shifting cultivation.
Training for farmers club and SHGs for Sustainable livelihood options and entrepreneurial skills	2 SHGs groups and farmers club have sustainable livelihood plan and entrepreneurial skills	2 Copy of SHGs plan and policy were submitted to DRDA	SHGs and federation developing entrepreneurial skills will help for the sustain of SHGs and group income.	SHGs are now able to plan activities and generate income through value addition of local products and started regular meeting which were not in practice earlier.
Capacity building on poverty assessment vulnerability analysis developing local level livelihood plans	1 village Developed micro-plan on livelihood	2 Steps taken to implement the micro plan. (Rubber plantation under MGNREGS schemes).	Village developed micro- plan to implement under MGNREGS contributed in the achievement of the results.	Village authority and SDO developing micro-plan of village under MGNREGS is the main issue working by the staffs.
Developing village micro- plan for Increased farm production and agricultural production of farmers	2 villages develop micro- plan for increased farm production and agricultural of farmers	2 Copy of village micro-plan for Rubber plantation	Applying coping mechanism other than shifting cultivation contributed in the achievement of the	This micro-plan on food security will reduces food insecurity families in

			results.	the project villages.
1.3Promotion of forums, networks, sharing, innovative models for lobbying and advocacy on the issues related to dignified and sustainable livelihood opportunities				
Overall result <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Emergence of 2(RISE SHG Federation and SLF-TML)_strong forums of PEARL partners, Civil Society Organisations, Activists, Media who are analysing policies and advocating with recommendations for sustained livelihood opportunities</i> 				
Developing a land map using GPS for equitable system of land governance for Tamenglong	Proper geographical map of 2 villages completed and submitted to government	1Nos of geographical map developed and submitted to the DC office.	Village land mapping will contributed reduce of inter-village conflict on land boundary issues and landownership issues.	Village land mapping will contributed reduce of inter-village conflict on land boundary issues and landownership issues.
Advocacy programme with village heads, church leaders, Zeliangrong student union for strengthening customary laws/practices	Finalised and prepared document on Rongmei customary practices	Customary law submitted to Zeliangrong Baudi (Civil Apex Body) for implementation of the same	Developing customary law will help in proper village governance and transparency and accountable of Govt. schemes in the village	Developing customary law will help in proper village governance and transparency and accountable of Govt. schemes in the village
Capacity building training on CBOs management & sustainable community facilitation for TPDS forum Nungba, SLF-Tml, village authority Association Nungba(NAVAA),All Zeliangrong student union(AZSU) for (3 days	2 Apex bodies of Zeliangrong civil societies bodies knowledge on management & sustainable community facilitation.	SHG federation started mobilizing for improvising local governance in PEARL intervention area and Tousem sub-division	SHG federation able to mobilize food mela and having knowledge on management & sustainable community facilitation	A big federation which having knowledge on sustainable management will help in community development process in the future.

each for 6 CBOS for 3 meeting).)				
Consultation with SLF-TML and Church leaders/CSOs on church/CSO role in the government food security schemes in the village level.	13 church leaders from 8 villages made aware of their role in MGNREGS	At least 2 Churches actively involved in MGNREGS implementation (vigilance committee)	Church developing their policy and role on govt.schemes contributed in the achievement of the results.	Church leaders (RNBA) now talked to DC and SDO and even in the Media for proper implementation of MGNREGS and PDS in the village.
Staff capacity building.	10 staffs were capacitate on management of project	10 staffs of PESCH were started writing good reports and monitoring of project activities	Staffs having knowledge on writing good reports and project monitoring help in proper implementation of activities and achievement.	Staffs awareness and capacitated on this issues will contributed in the proper implementation of the project activities

5. Explain any deviations / challenges specifying the reasons and consequences

1. Unless there is no village constitution or bye laws there will be always conflict and will be difficult to have good governance in the village. So, How should we develop or make them prepare a village constitution or bye laws of the village authority for good governance and sustainable community facilitation when there have been conflict on village authority chairman seat and landownership problem is the another issue faced by the project staff.
2. Among all activities project staff decided to focus more on developing village constitution through strengthening village customary laws and practices. For this we have started customary laws research work and published book but how to consult them to implement these law in the village is the another challenge we faced today.
3. The problem faced by the project is slow change of mindset of the community. The topography of the project area is bad with poor transportation and communication with constant landslide during the rainy season. The law and order situation of the state is not sound as there is frequent bandh and general strike. At times there were problems that the staff could not solve the issue the problems of pest and disease management in the paddy field which bring big problem in the daily need of the family. So, it delays activities to implement according to schedule of staff monthly plan and DIP.
4. How should we develop or make them prepare a village constitution or bye laws for good governance when there is conflict on village authority chairman seat and landowner is a big challenge faced by the project staffs.
5. Another challenge we faced is how to facilitate SHG federation formed by us. Now we have end up PEARL project, but these SHG federation need support from us in regard of implementation of their action plan and policy.

6.Details of networking with other organizations / individuals in implementing the project

Other Actors in the field (NGOs/ CBOs/Associations/ Networks/ Government)	Collaborative efforts if any	Impact on the project
Village authority Council (VAC) and Landowner	Start talking to the govt. officials and media for proper implementation of PDS in the district	CAF & PD Tamenglong invited PESCH and all village authority chairman & secretary to participate in the workshop on new guide line of PDS and MGNREGS.
SDO Nungba and Tousem Sub-Division, Tamenglong	Asked to Submit list of SHGs under Tousem and Nungba for SGSY loan and NRLM	A list of 150 SHGs under Tousem and Nungba which was submitted to said SDOs were screening and called for training by the SDOs.
SHG Federation	Organized Traditional food and attires mela in association with PESCH	A good rapport with govt. officials and other communities were developed on the enhancement on local products and for helping such SHGs for women empowerment.
SLF-M Tamenglong	Developed 16 points action plan on sustainable livelihood and submitted to DC, Tamenglong	Agriculture department assure to ensure crop insurance policy for farmers of Tousem and Nungba sub-divisions.

6.1. Changes in the context of project purpose / objective : (in bullet points)

- (Please assess the achievements and perspectives of the project according to the specific objectives and indicators as defined in your LFA)

6.2. Changes in the context of development impact: (in bullet points)

6.2.1. Formation of CBOs:

- With the collaboration of Zeliangrong student union, Zeliangrong youth front, Zeliangrong women Baudi, Consumer forum Tamenglong, Food and Livelihood Committee Tamenglong (FCL-TML) Targeted public distribution system forum Tamenglong were organized consultation on preparing livelihood policy in which 16 points action plan were developed. In the consultation DSO, Assistant Director CAF & PD Tamenglong, EO Agriculture and Horticulture were present. The 4 persons from media team i.e. Sangai express, Poknapham, Huyen lanpao, and The cham were present in the meeting. Aftermath of the rally,

6.2.2 Ensure food security:

- After various trainings and meetings with the target villages on MGNREGS, they came to know better about the scheme. Three villages developed micro planning and based on that two of the villages submit their project for rubber plantation under MGNREGS; while other villages are under process unlike previous years where Govt. official gave them readymade programs for the MGNREGS. They started getting information through RTI regarding NREGS. People are more curious about the scheme and its implementation process after the intervention. SHG Federation which was formed by us are now extend to 4 blocks SHG federation. i.e Tousem block, Nungba block, Jiribam block and Lakhichera cachar, Assam block. They have block unit leaders and central body. They organized food and attires mela in the 25-26 february 2013 at Lamlong Bazar Jiribam attended by nearly 40 SHGs from four blocks. These SHGs and its federation are able to mobilize income generation activities and group management. They resolved to conduct next food mela in the same place in the month of December 2013. They also got 3 FPS agents which was granted by DC office at Nungkao, Siguilong and Nungba centre. They also plan to open up outlet shop at Jiribam, Nungba, Noney and at Imphal this year.

6.2.3. Promotion of forum and networking:

- We conducted with the community of the 3 villages the “CBOs management on sustainable for community facilitation for the village authority leaders. In the training we discussed on which CBO is the responsible body to work for the development of the community. This is to understand the mainstream body to take up village development work. They identified the potential to build upon and finally decided first to start a policy on immigration, food security, education, judicious use of natural resource and proper implementation of government schemes in the village. They also agreed to further analyze the main agendas of village bye laws in the village annual general meeting.
- Networking with other Civil Societies have been initiated. Like the Block level Village Authority Association, Zeliangrong Student union, Nungba Area Women Union, Zeliangrong Women Union, Ruangmei Naga Baptist Association and Tamenglong NGO Forum besides PEARL’s partners. We have been doing sensitization workshops, meetings and consultation with them on PDS in particular. They are now members of the Committee on PDS and Concrete action plans have been developed to carry out in the next 6months period. We believe in broad-based organization particular for Advocacy and Lobby activities.

6.2.4. Organization:

Capacity of staff improves tremendously in various aspects. Our team is more informed about the rights of the people and the policies of the Govt. Improve in building rapport with the communities. Also helps in overall improvement of the organization development process particularly financial management & accounting, reporting and documentation.

6.2.5. Key significance

- 3 villages have micro-plan (rubber plantation) under MGNREGS
- SLF-M Tamenglong have 16 point action plan which was already submitted to DC and SLF-M.
- 4 blocks SHG Federation called Rural initiative for Sustainable livelihood and Empowerment (RISE) and registered under Society Registration of Tamenglong are now able to organized food mela,meeting,campaign on PDS and start income generation activities.
- 50 new BPL cards were added as additional for the 13 villages.
- SHG federation got 3 FPS agents and SK-Oil sub dealer at Siguilong, Nungba and Nungba centre for 2013 year.
- CAF and PD department, Tamenglong was invite PESCH to jointly organized awareness meeting on new guideline on PDS, MGNREGS and Mid-Day meal at district headquarter. It was organized in the 23 march 2013 at Auditorium Tamenglong.

6. Participation of Stakeholders (max ½ page)

- we enter the 4th year months the village communities in general and village leaders i.e. various civil organizations in particular show more concern and respond to the project activities. As a follow up activities program dated 12/04/12, we formed a big SHG Federation called “Rural Initiatives for Sustainable & Empowerment (RISE) for two blocks Tousem sub-division and Nungba sub-division. In the federation we have nearly 150 SHGs groups. In the name of RISE, we submitted memorandum to Executive Director DRDA for granting NRLM schemes for the SHGs groups. A meeting was organized just after the forming of Federation and application for granting loan assistance for the SHGs group also submitted to the Sanjeevani NGO.
- Zeliangrong Apex body like Zeliangrong Student Union, Zeliangrong Mothers Association and Zeliangrong Youth Front were actively taking responsibilities in any activities carried out by us in the District level and Sub-Divisional level. When we asked about the impact of PEARL project in the village during meeting with community leaders at Rongdai on 20 March 2013, one of the women leader Chingmaliu Gangmei said that “ **Though we could not see so much change in context of development in the village, we change a lot in our mindset and attitude through your project**” She said further **A BIG thank you to PESCH and your partner for such project in our area.**

7. Documentation & Communication



Community Sustainable workshop at Rongdai on 4th march 2013



Rongmeitraditional dance welcoming Chief guest on Mela



SHGs livelihood and management training at Nungba



VIP, PESCH staff and SHGs Federation leader on Mela



Consultation on preparing livelihood policy at Tamenglong



Taken fine for wild life hunting at Bwanruangh

8. Conclusion (in bullet points)

- Conclusions derived Among the government schemes sanction for Tamenglong district, it is found that PDS is being functioning ineffectively, hardly benefiting the targeted beneficiaries. So focus mainly on PDS. Out of the four sub-divisions in Tamenglong district only the Tamenglong sub-division is functioning comparatively better. The three interiors sub-divisions i.e. Tamei, Tousem and Nungba received rice/kerosene once or twice in a year. Even in such a case, they received much lesser quantity at higher price. But as we enter the four phase we seen a lot of change in the PEARL project Nungba in particular and Tamenglong district in general. Now at Nungba we seen FPS with sign board and rice bags in the shop which was not earlier. At Tousem area just after the SLF-M public hearing SDO and his staff took PDS rice and distributed at village wise. And even the village authority start talking in media and complaint the irregular of PDS in Tamenglong.

Important lesson learned / best practices in the project that you wish to communicate to IGSSS/Misereor: We conducted 3 trainings at 3 villages on CBOs management for sustainable community facilitation. It is very much enabled us to learn and implement this project effectively to extent. Aftermath of these activity 2 villages Bwanruangh and Siguilong seat a village emergency general meeting and frame a village policy on management of resources, forest, food security policy and education policy. Now what we learnt is how should we advocate and plan policy for drafting village constitution for sustainability of village institutions like Church and village authority. **Such kind of training is very much needed for the every village of Tamenglong district said Agui Gangmei chairman of Bwanruangh.**

- Action points on the challenges
 - Slow mindset of the farming community for coping mechanism and micro-plan.

- Poor transportation and communication
- Government development like Asian railway, 400kb power grid and oil exploration
- Acute shortage of food due to disease attacked to the paddy plants.

Yours Sincerely,

Namkhinlung Pamei
Project Coordinator
PEARL/PESCH
Dated 4th April 2013

Activity and family Detail: Give as an annexure

Activity Planned	Nos	Actual conducted	No of beneficiaries expected	Actual Nos of beneficiaries reached
Capacity building on CBOs management for village authority, farmers club, SHGs (village level)	6	3	6 CBOs	6 CBOs with 55 persons
Action plan development for Sustainable Livelihood Forum, Tamenglong.	1	1	1 action plan on PDS	16 action plan
Capacity building training on legal and local governance.	6	6	3 village authorities	55 V/A leaders
Developing of food security policy for village	2	2	2 villages	11 villages

authority and church at village				
Linkages with government and credit institutions	2	2	5 SHGs	4 SHGs
Advocacy programmes on NRM for village authority and clan leaders/landowner	2	2	2 village authorities	2 villages
Training for farmers club and SHGs for Sustainable livelihood options and entrepreneurial skills	2	2	2 SHGs	45 SHGs
Capacity building on poverty assessment vulnerability analysis developing local level livelihood plans	1	1	1 village	1 village
Developing village micro-plan for Increased farm production and agricultural production of farmers	1	1	2 villages	2 villages
Developing a land map using GPS for equitable system of land governance for Tamenglong.	2	2	2 villages	2 villages
Consultation with Church leaders/CSOs on church/CSO role in the government food security schemes in the village level	2	2	50 churches	116 persons
Advocacy programme with village heads, church leaders, Zeliangrong student union for strengthening customary laws/practices (local travel for staff and other printing charges for documentation Rs 700 per meeting)	1	1	Finalized for printing of customary law book	20 books were published
Capacity building training on CBOs management & sustainable community facilitation for TPDS forum Nungba, FLC-Tml, village authority Association Nungba(NAVAA),All Zeliangrong student	3	3	6 CBOs	2 CBOs with 85 persons

union(AZSU) and (3 days each for 6 CBOS)				
Staff capacity building. Fooding&lodging=6 staffs * 600 = 3600 + refreshment = 500 + stationaries = 500 + others=400. = 5000 per unit.	2	2	11 staffs	10 staffs

Case study 1: **Traditional food and attires Mela:**

Background: PESCH is involving in capacity building of the SHG and its Federation. PESCH also raised the key issues how to scale up their products and link with concern authorities and financial institutions and also proper market linkages with local level value addition activities. We are giving focus on production, processing and marketing of the SHG activities. They produce many things but fails due to lack of transportation facilities, bad road, no proper market linkages and lack of capital to start with. Their challenges go on.

- **Objectives:** So on the issue we mobilized SHGs Federation to organized mela mainly focus on traditional food and attires.
- This mela was aim at engaging concern authorities like Govt. Authorities including DC, SDO and MLA. Also financial institutions like NABARD, NEDFI and other institution.
- This mela also aim at inviting marketing agencies. The SHG groups will promote this traditional food as a follow up of the mela and distribute people of the same communities are living outside the state. This will enable SHG members to generate more income and ultimately improve their livelihood.
- This mela will give opportunity to share experiences among various SHG groups, learn each other activities and strengthen the Federation activities to enable them for collective efforts towards the objectives of the Federation.

Acheivements:

- In the Mela Ibomacha Councillor Panchayat grace as chief guest, ADC Jiribam as guest of honour, BDO Jiribam as president. Some like Commanding Officer of 87th CRPF, Commanding officer of 7th IRB Jiribam, Manager UBI Jiribam and Market agencies of jiribam and silchar were present as special guest.
- The mela start on 25th and ended on 26th February 2013 at Lamlong bazaar jiribam. In the Mela more than 42 SHGs from Tousem, Nungba, Jiribam and Cachar were present. Now, CAF & PDS, Tamenglong depth invite SHGs federation applying rationing agents and Sk-oil sub-dealers.

ITEMS OF FOOD

- Chilli Pickle, Amla Achar, Dry Amla, Sweet Amla, Boroi Amla, Potato Chip, Cassava Chip Dry Ginger, Turmeric powder, Mustard leave Sauce, Meat pickle, Dry Bamboo shoot, Riangtu (Spieces), Thangchaguman, Yam (Pan), Yam (Ha), Khui (Fermented Sower seeds)

ITEMS OF CLOTHINGS: Pheilak, Pheisuai, Pheingao, Mphangphei, Nthiamphei, Khao, Naga customary waste coat, Mufler

ITEMS OF ORNAMENTS: Ear-Ring, Necklace, Brace lade/Bangle, Bruce

To Fund Raise through communities 50,000.00

To PESCH Contribution 40,000.00 To Other income through Donations 5,000.00 Total amount received Rs. 96,002.00 and total **Amount expent:** Rs. 95000 of the federation. On the other SHGs were generate income so much through the mela. In which they sell their items almost at the mela.

Case study 2: Tidai SHG Siguilong(A Small investment that changes lives). Siguilong is a Village located at Tousem Sub-division, Tamenglong District, Manipur (one of the PESCH targeted Village). The village has poor road connectivity; the market is located at a distance of 72 km away from the village. Usually the villagers' field products were collected by middlemen from the village to the market at Nungba and Jiribam during the marketing day (usually Monday and Friday) and brought back groceries from the market to the village by the middlemen. They have to sell their products for lower price as the middlemen reached their village. In fact the middlemen are exploiting these SHG members. The village was famous for Naga chilly. On this matter PESCH conducted a Livelihood Training for the SHGs at Nungba. During the training, besides any other topics, we give focus on Leaky Bucket Analysis (Able to analyze income, money multiplier in the village and leakages) which really helps the SHG members to take up some concrete steps towards enhancing their livelihood particularly on marketing linkages. The Leaky Bucket Analysis has able to generate three fundamental objectives for the SHG; 1) *Enhancing income of the SHG members*, 2) *Increasing money multiplier in the village* and 3) *Reducing leakages in the village*. They also present in the mela and now open account at UBI Tamenglong and NABARD grant Rs. 10,000 and loan.

Case study 3: Food processing training and group micro-plan(Sustainable livelihood SHG Rongdai) In the Allahabad food processing training 1 SHG member from Rongdai and 1 members from PEARL project Nungba were present. With 10 SHG members and one of our staff start the trip for training from 5th December 2012. During the 10 days training the groups visited Allahabad town to pick up cues on entrepreneurial skills. For few members it was first time move out of their villages. In the training the group learn pickle making, chip and other like juice making.

- Highlights of 10 days stay and interaction at Allahabad
- Understanding the initiatives taken up by different people for different types of work and time management,
- Visited to the diary for understanding bee keeping and its marketing through Self-Helf-Groups.
- Skills on gainful self-employment for an improved quality of life. The idea is to give innovative direction to rural development and practice.

- After coming back at their respective village, they organized training in their group itself and prepared pickle for mela and group income. Now Sustainable livelihood SHG of Rongdai was plan to purchase Grinder machine from their group saving for income generation activities.

Case study 4: Changing of situation and people support on PDS in Nungba area Background

- Since 2009, Indo-Global Social service Society has been supporting a PEARL project through a local NGO People Endeavour for social change (PESCH) in the 13 villages of Nungba sub-division, Since from the 2009 PEARL project were giving awareness, meeting, workshop, campaign, survey, filing RTI, Conducting rally, interface meeting and media conference. But not getting full cooperation/support from people, CBOs and Govt. officials upto 2010 but it change so much after november rally 2010. Now cardholders were starting enquiring about applying BPL card and for correction to the village authority and to the PEARL staffs for support. So, now (2013 january after) village authorities of 13 villages got new additional BPL cards.
- 3 FPS which was not open in the project areas was seen opened with sign board and register. They also issue PDS items (rice) to the beneficiaries for January and february 2013 for Nungba and Rongdai.
- One of the SHG leader (chingmaliu of Rongdai) told me (Namkhinlung Pamei) that though we can't see so much change in our area through your project, it make change the heart and mind of the people so much. She further expressed that slowly our area is changing to the positive side in any development ways through PEARL.
